

## OUR TROOPS AT SPRINGFIELD

**Sharp Engraving But No Pig**

Our army, under command of Gen. Ourmarched from Lebanon on the 11th inst., performed in three divisions, the right under Col. C. Davis, the left under Col. Carr, and the centre under Gen. Sigel.

driven back with a loss of thirty men. This was regarded as the commencement of the battle, and 3,000 cavalry and infantry, with a battery of artillery, were sent forward. The battery was placed on an eminence commanding the supposed approach of the rebels; as the rebel shells were thrown, to which no answer was made, and our force retired to a strong picket guard.

This morning at 6 o'clock, our whole force followed the enemy. It is reported that Price was merely falling back to meet McIntosh, who was coming with reinforcements, and on his

People in and around Springfield expressed unbounded satisfaction at the arrival of our troops, and general rejoicing is manifest throughout the southwest at the retreat of the rebels. This expedition will doubtless end the campaign in Missouri.

**LATEST FROM SAVANNAH--  
REBEL GUNBOAT SUNK--  
THE CITY IN A PANIC.**

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]  
WASHINGTON, February 15th, 1862.

Lieut. Turner, commanding the gunboat *Unadilla*, reports that after visiting contraband wharves on the North Edisto Island, that it is only a mass of mud, and that the only thing of note is an indication of the presence of

Although, as reported, Tatnall reached Pro-

The telegraph wire from Savannah to Pulaask is been cut. by the force from our gunboats. At Savannah has been thrown into a state of great alarm, and all the energies of the place have been exerted to the utmost to increase military defenses. For which several hun-

mainly unabsorbable, for which purpose troops have been withdrawn from other places. These are of prize money due the Commander, of the blockading vessels, is over one hundred thousand dollars.

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**Important Order of Gen. Halleck.**  
—**Orders for Missouri Rebels to Crush the Rebels Leaving for Fort Donelson.**  
St. Louis, Feb. 16.—The following circular

"All persons who are known to have been arms against the United States, or to have actively aided the rebellion by word or deed, will be arrested. Those who are accused of acts in vindication of the laws of war—such as the destruction of railroad bridges and private property, firing into trains, assassination, etc.—will not be released on any terms, but they will be held for trial before a Military Commission. Notoriously bad and dangerous persons, though no specific charge of disloyalty is made, will be held for trial before a Military Commission."

be proven against them, will be kept in custody. Other cases are referred to the Commanding General.

Prisoners not included in either of the above classes may be released upon subscription to the usual oath and giving a sufficient bond with good security for their future conduct. The amount of bond should in no case be less than \$10,000, and in some cases should be much larger, varying according to the wealth, influence and previous conduct of the spy. The security should in preference be

persons now engaged in recruiting for the army, also those enrolled for the rubber price, will be arrested and held as prisoners of war. In addition to this, all property belonging to such persons, and which can be used for military purposes, such as horses, rifles, harnesses, wagons, beef cattle, forage, will be seized and turned over to the Provisional Marshal, to be disposed of according to the orders of the commanding General of this Department.

When persons who have been in the rebel  
 force voluntarily come forward and take  
 subscribe to the oath of allegiance an  
 ample, and are released on bonds, all prop-  
 erty not of military character taken from  
 them shall be restored.

By order of Maj. Gen. HALLECK,  
 W. H. McLEAN, Asst. Adj't. Gen.

Gen. Halleck has also issued another gener-  
 order, the principal part of which is as fol-  
 lows:

At the request of the acting Governor of Iowa, it is hereby ordered that at all future town or city elections, every voter will be required to take the oath of allegiance presented by the State Convention on October 16, 1861. Officers of polls will see execution of this order. If they receive votes of persons not taking the oath, they be tried and arrested for military offense, the election declared null and void."

**IMPORTANT FROM GENERAL LANDER'S COLUMN.**  
CUMBERLAND, Mo., February 15, 1862.  
The expected movement has taken place.

Gen. Lander by a forced march on Thurs-  
day surprised and routed a rebel force at  
Smiley Gap in Hampshire county, killing 15  
capturing 62 prisoners of which 17 are  
misplaced officers. Gen. Lander headed  
1st Va. Cavalry, and led the attack in on.  
Our forces lose two men, and had  
horses killed. The blow is a heavy one  
to the rebel force in this region, and clears  
the way for our advance.

Department, opening the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Hancock again. This is to be kept open.

portion of Gen. Lander's command, coming the brigade of Col. Dunning of the 5th, has occupied Moorefield, the principal in Hardy county, on the south branch of river, and captured, among other rebels, about 250 slaves.

Gen. Lander again presses his resignation.

ill health, and requests to be relieved of command.

**ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The Asia, from Liverpool, arrived via Queenstown on the 3d, has arrived here. Dates one day later.

**LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.**

LONDON, Feb. 2.—The proposition of Mr.

for the recognition of the South, will increase soon after the opening of Parliament. An interesting and exciting debate, the rejection of the proposal is expected.

**Feb. 2.**—The *Independence Bids* say that the Southern Commissioners have urged the English Government that, in return for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, they would establish most absolute trade for fifty years, abolish the external tariff, and compensate all the blacks after the recognition. These offers, how-

will not determine Lord Palmerston to denounce the policy of neutrality.

Amst., Feb. 2.—The Sumter is still at anchor.

Mr. Almonia, the Dutch Minister, has arrived in the city, and has been received by the Arch Duke Maximilian.

The American Consul mentions the responsibility of the Arch Duke Maximilian as Governor of the Antislavery navy, and connects it with the report of the sobering to place

GENERAL, January 12.—The transportation of mail from India, except to British ports, suspended.



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